

ST. PETER'S INTER SCHOOL

Sanjua, Bakhrahat, South 24 pgs.

Worksheet

Class - VI Subject - Social Science

Date: 06.03.24

Name - _____ Roll - _____

PANCHAYATI RAJ—LOCAL GOVERNMENT OF RURAL AREAS

WORKSHEET 5

Name:

Date:

I. Fill in the blanks.

1. The _____ Raj system works for the development of the rural people.
2. The Indian Constitution made it compulsory for states with a population of _____ to have a three tier system of Panchayati Raj.
3. Under the Panchayati Raj the _____ deals with minor cases and can impose a fine on the offender.
4. The state government appoints a _____ as the secretary of the block samiti who takes care of the administration of the block.
5. The _____ builds and maintains secondary, vocational and industrial schools in the district.

II. Multiple Choice Questions.

1. Why is the state government not equipped to take care of the villages?
 - a. the state government does not have the necessary resources
 - b. the state government does not have the time
 - c. the state government cannot understand the specific problems faced by the villagers
 - d. none of the above
2. The gram panchayat is headed by a
a. pramukh b. sarpanch c. block development officer d. member of parliament
3. The gram sabha consists of
a. the administrative staff in the village
b. all the adults who are above the age of 18 in the village
c. the sarpanchs of all the villages of that block
d. only the men of the village
4. Which is NOT a function of the block samiti?
 - a. to promote cottage industries
 - b. to help develop animal husbandry
 - c. to distribute seeds, implements and fertiliser to the farmers
 - d. to organise exhibitions and public receptions
5. The minor offences in a village are dealt by the
a. High Court b. Supreme Court
c. nyaya panchayat d. sarpanch of the village

III. Complete the analogies.

1. Gram panchayat: sarpanch:: panchayat samiti: _____
2. Gram panchayat: village level:: zilla parishad: _____

LOCAL GOVERNMENT OF URBAN AREAS

WORKSHEET 6

Name:

Date:

I. Fill in the blanks.

1. Municipal corporations govern cities with a population of more than _____.
2. The _____ is the presiding officer of the municipal corporation.
3. Registering births and deaths is a _____ function of the municipal corporation.
4. In municipal council elections _____ of the seats are reserved for women.

II. Multiple Choice Questions.

1. The three categories of local governing bodies for urban areas are
 - a. gram panchayat, block samiti and zilla parishad.
 - b. municipal corporations, municipal councils and nagar panchayat.
 - c. district corporations, city corporations and urban council.
 - d. none of these.
2. The presiding officer in a municipal corporation is the
 - a. pramukh
 - b. sarpanch
 - c. mayor
 - d. commissioner
3. The municipal council governs smaller cities and towns
 - a. of more than 20,000 people but less than 10 lakhs.
 - b. of 10 lakhs people and more.
 - c. of less than 20,000 people.
 - d. of more than 20 lakh people.
4. Which of this is not a function of the municipal council?
 - a. provide safe drinking water
 - b. keep record of births and deaths
 - c. build and maintain primary and secondary schools and adult education centres
 - d. provide telephones to all the people of the city
5. People in areas that are governed by nagar panchayats are in the process of
 - a. moving towards the agricultural sector from the the service sector.
 - b. moving away from the agricultural sector towards industrial and service based industry.
 - c. moving away from living in poverty.
 - d. none of these.

III. State true or false.

1. The representatives of the municipal corporations, municipal councils and nagar panchayats are elected for a period of five years.
2. Planting and maintaining the roadside plants and trees is an obligatory function of the municipal corporation.
3. Sources of income for municipal corporations include toll tax, entertainment tax, vehicle tax, etc.

II. Multiple Choice Questions.

1. In India, districts have been further sub-divided into
a. wards b. blocks c. tehsils d. nagars
2. Which of this is NOT the work of a tehsildar?
a. maintain land records b. measure land
c. collect land revenue d. provides housing to villagers
3. The deputy conservator of forests is an officer of the
a. IAS b. IPS c. IFS d. ICS
4. The land records in a village is maintained by the
a. patwari b. district collector c. sarpanch d. pramukh.

MAKING A LIVING

WORKSHEET 8

Name:

Date:

I. Complete the analogies.

1. Primary sector: farming :: Tertiary sector:
2. Large farmers: own more than 5 hectares of land :: Marginal farmers:
3. Rural livelihood: poultry farms :: Urban livelihood:
4. Entrepreneur: shopkeeper :: Service:

II. Multiple choice questions.

1. Activities where people are engaged in providing service to the public belong to the
a. primary sector b. secondary sector
c. tertiary sector d. rural sector
2. Marginal farmers are those who
a. do not own land
b. grow crops that is sufficient for their own needs only
c. employ other farmers to till their land
d. use modern technology like tractors and harvesters to grow crops
3. An entrepreneur is one who
a. works for a fixed wage every month
b. works for a daily wage
c. runs a business venture
d. is unemployed
4. People migrate from rural to urban areas because
a. there is a lack of educational opportunities in rural areas
b. there is a lack of adequate health facilities in rural areas
c. lack of employment in rural areas
d. all the above
5. Which of this is NOT concerned with eradicating unemployment and poverty in villages?
a. National Rural Employment Guarantee Act
b. Pradhan Mantri Rojgar Protsahan Yojana
c. National Rural Livelihoods Mission
d. Integrated Land Use and Water Resource Management